SASKATCHEWAN WATER CORPORATION
GEOLOGY ALONG THE SSEWS CANAL
MANITOU LAKE-DELLWOOD RESERVOIR

Report 0107-001 June 7, 1985

.E. A. Christiansen Consulting Ltd.

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# E. A. Christiansen Consulting Ltd.

CONSULTING GEOLOGIST

BOX 3087 SASKATOON, SASKATCHEWAN, CANADA S7K 3S9

PHONE 374-6700

June 7, 1985

Saskatchewan Water Corporation Box 310 WATROUS, Saskatchewan SOK 4T0

Attention: Mr. W.E. Randall, Operations Manager, Water Supply Utility

Dear Mr. Randall:

Enclosed are six copies of Report 0107-001 on the "Geology along the SSEWS Canal, Manitou Lake - Dellwood Reservoir". If you have any queries please contact me.

Sincerely yours,

E.A. Christiansen

### SÚMMARY

The Empress, Sutherland, and Saskatoon Groups overly the Lea Park Formation bedrock along the SSEWS Canal between Manitou Lake and the Dellwood Reservoir. The base of exploration for canal seepage studies is the contact between the Floral and Battleford Formations of the Saskatoon Group. The Floral Formation is more clayey, less sandy, harder, and has a higher carbonate content that the Battleford Formation. The top of the Floral Formation, where weathered, is jointed and stained, whereas the Battleford Formation is massive and unstained.

The higher salt content of the upper 10 metres in testholes 02 and 03 is attributed to an aquifer lying between tills of the Sutherland Group and Floral Formation. Future investigations of canal seepage salinity should be done in the framework of the regional salinity conditions.

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVE

E.A. Christiansen Consulting Ltd. (EAC) was commissioned by the Sask-atchewan Water Corporation (SWC) on May 7, 1985 (Consulting Agreement No. WSU-85A-02) to provide a geological framework along the SSEWS Canal between Manitou Lake and the Dellwood Reservoir. This study represents Phase 1 of the "Proposed seepage investigations, Manitou Lake - Dellwood Reservoir Canal" being conducted by SWC and includes:

- a) locate testhole sites along the Manitou Lake Dellwood
   Reservoir supply canal right of way;
- b) drill 4 rotary testholes, collect cutting samples, and run geophysical logs including gamma, spontaneous potential, and point resistivity logs; the testholes will be drilled to a depth of about 250 ft or some lesser depth if a reliable stratigraphic marker can be identified in the field;
- c) describe samples and carry out laboratory carbonate analyses to characterize the physical properties of the till units present;
- d) compile the geological description and soil chemistry data on the geophysical logs of each testhole;
- e) compile a stratigraphic cross-section along the canal to show the correlation between stratigraphic units in the testholes;
- f) prepare a brief summary report characterizing the physical properties of each unit identified and the key characteristics for identifying such units in augerholes;
- g) submit 6 copies of the report and cross section not later than 15 days following completion of the test drilling program; and

h) obtained permission by telephone May 21, 1985 to include soil conductivity and mechanical analyses to identify the lithology and salinity of the sediments.

On April 30, 1985, four testhole sites were staked by Mr. Mart Cram, SWC and E.A. Christiansen, and between May 15 and 17, the four testholes were drilled, sampled, and geophysical logged. The location of the Manitou Lake-Dellwood Reservoir canal and SWC and FFIB logs are shown in Drawing 0107-001-01, and the Longitudinal section A-A' is shown in Drawing 0107-001-02. Photographs of the area and drilling operation are shown in Figures 1-3.

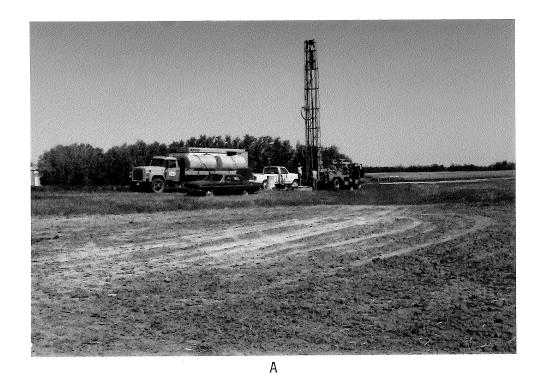
#### 2. GEOLOGY

# 2.1 Introducion

Four FFIB logs (Drawing 0107-001-02, A-D) provided the geological framework within which the SWC testholes were drilled. From these FFIB logs, a change in electrical resistance was observed in the upper 30 metres; consequently, testholes 01,02,03, and 04 (Appendix 1) were drilled to 36,31,30, and 24 metres, respectively instead of a deeper marker bed of about 75 metres.

Contacts in Drawing 0107-001-02 are largely inferred and would require verification if a regional salinity study is conducted. Furthermore, the FFIB logs were projected to the canal; consequently, their position in the section is approximate.

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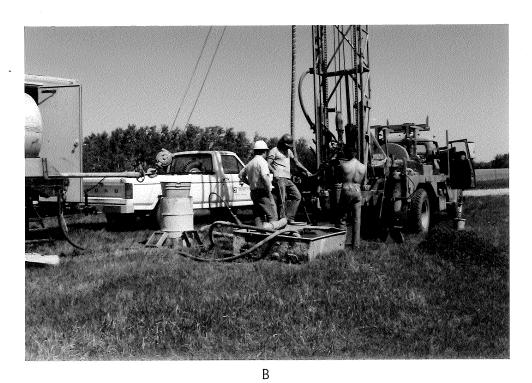
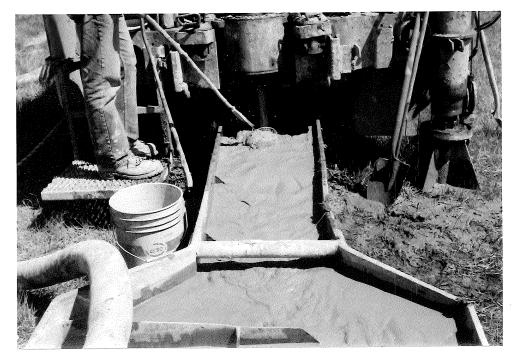


Figure 1. Test drilling. (A) Test drilling at Site No. 03 along SSEWS Canal.

Notice salt accumulation in foreground. (B) Test drilling equipment.



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Figure 2. Sampling. (A) Driller catching samples with sieve from drilling fluid. (B) Driller placing cuttings on sample tray.

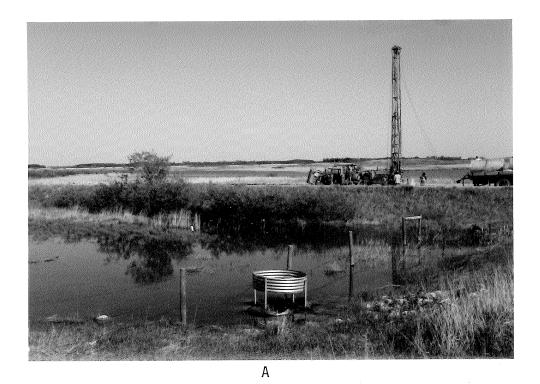




Figure 3. Dellwood Reservoir. (A) Test drilling at Site No. 04. Notice

Dellwood Reservoir in background and by-pass drainage entering glory
hole in foreground. (B) SSEWS Canal below drop structure entering
Dellwood Reservoir.

In ascending order the Quaternary deposits include the Empress, Sutherland, and Saskatoon Groups (Drawing 0107-001-02). The Empress Group (Whitaker and Christiansen, 1972) is composed mainly of silts lying between the bedrock Lea Park Formation and tills of the Sutherland Group. Tills of the Sutherland Group (Christiansen 1968a), lying between the Empress and Saskatoon Groups, are less resistive than tills of the Saskatoon Group (testhole D, Drawing 0107-001-02). The Saskatoon Group is composed of the Floral and Battleford Formations and surficial silts and clays (Christiansen, 1968a,b). The testholes drilled in this study range in depth from 24 to 36 m and penetrated only the surficial silts and clays, Battleford Formation, and the upper part of the Floral Formation.

### 2.2 Floral Formation

Up to 30 m of Floral Formation was encountered during test drilling in testhole 01 (Drawing 0107-001-02). The till has a mean carbonate content of  $52\pm 2$  mL  $CO_2/g$  and a mean sand, silt, and clay content of  $37\pm 2$ ,  $37\pm 2$ , and  $26\pm 1\%$ , respectively (Appendices 2 and 3). The till is dark gray where unoxidized and olive gray where oxidized. In testholes 02 and 03 there is a noticeable increase in salt content toward the top of the Floral Formation.

### 2.3 Battleford Formation

The Battleford Formation is composed of 5 to 11 m of light-yellowish brown and gray, sandy till, the upper part of which is soft and difficult to sample with rotary drilling equipment. Tills of the Battleford

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Formation have a mean carbonate content of  $45\pm6$  mL  $CO_2/g$  and a mean sand, silt, and clay content of  $48\pm2$ ,  $32\pm3$ , and  $20\pm1\%$ , respectively. Tills of the Floral Formation are more clayey and less sandy than tills of the Battleford Formation and have a higher carbonate content. Because there is no overlap in the standard deviations, these differences are thought to be significant. The contact with the underlying Floral Formation is distinct.

### 2.4 Surficial Silts and Clays

A few metres of silt and clay overly the Battleford Formation in test-holes 03 and 04. These silts and clays were deposited in glacial Last Mountain Lake (Greer and Christiansen, 1963). Although it is difficult to get good samples in the upper few metres, it appears that the contact between the silts and clays and underlying till is gradational. It is believed that the lacustrine silts and clays were mixed with ablation till deposits by collapse during the melting of glacier ice. Because of the uncertainty of contact between these silts and clays and the thinness of these stratified deposits, they have been included with the Battleford Formation in this study.

#### GEOTECHNOLOGY

Seepage problems along the Manitou Lake - Dellwood Reservoir reach of the SSEWS canal are related to localized seepage through ablation sediments in the upper Battleford Formation at Site Nos. 01-03 and through glacio-lacustrine sediments and ablation deposits in the Battleford Formation at Site No. 04. At investigation sites, it is recommended to drill one or two holes to the base of exploration as defined in Appendix 1 and Drawing 0107-001-02 and to drill the remaining holes to a higher base defined during the deeper drilling.

Detailed site investigations in the vicinity of Site Nos. 01-03 should focus on determining the thickness and physical properties of the ablation sediments which form the surficial deposits in the upper part of the Battleford Formation. Between Site No.03 and the pinch-out of the aquifer at the base of the Saskatoon Group between Site Nos.03 and 04 (Drawing 0107-001-02), salts are accumulating in the upper 10 m because of upward flow from this aquifer. Canal seepage through this previously deposited salt accumulation is the reason for serious salt build-up along the south side of the canal east of Site No. 03. Even if the canal seepage is mitigated, upward flow of water from the deep aquifer will result in continuing salt accumulation in the upper 10 metres, and mitigation is probably uneconomic. Eastward from this pinch-out of the aquifer, there is no salt accumulation in the upper 10 metres (Appendix 1, log No. 04). This lack of salt accumulation is the result of downward leaching and/or because of the absence of the deep aquifer and its associated upward flow.

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#### 4. CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The base of exploration for canal seepage studies for the first one or two holes is the contact between the Floral and Battleford Formations. For additional holes the base of exploration can probably be raised to the base of the ablation zone in the upper part of the Battleford Formation.
- 2. The Floral Formation is more clayey, less sandy, harder, and has a higher carbonate content than the Battleford Formation. Where weathered, the top of the Floral Formation is jointed and stained, whereas the Battleford Formation is massive and unstained.
- 3. The higher salt content in the upper 10 m in testholes 02 and 03, is attributed to the aquifer lying between tills of the Sutherland Group and Floral Formation. The salt accumulation along the south side of the canal east of Site No. 03 is the result of canal seepage flowing through this previously deposited salt in the upper 10 m.
- 4. Mitigation of canal seepage by cutoff walls or canal linings is feasible, but mitigation of salt accumulation caused by upward flow is probably not economically feasible.

### 5. LITERATURE CITED

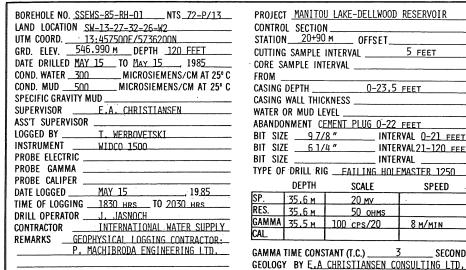
- Christiansen, E.A. 1968a. Pleistocene stratigraphy of the Saskatoon area, Saskatchewan, Canada. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, v. 5, pp. 1167-1173.
- Christiansen, E.A. 1968b. A thin till in west-central Saskatchewan, Canada. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, v. 5, pp. 329-336.
- Greer J.E. and Christiansen, E.A. 1963. Geology and groundwater resources of the Wynyard area (72P), Saskatchewan Research Council, Geology Division. Report No. 3, 56 p.
- Whitaker, S.H. and Christiansen, E.A. 1972. The Empress Group in southern Saskatchewan. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences, v. 9, pp. 353-360.

Appendix 1. Geological logs.

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(01)

72P/13 SWC 1985 MANITOU - DELLWOOD SW-13-27-32-26-W2 13:457500/5736200 SSEWS-85-RH-01



PROJECT MANITOU LAKE-DELLWOOD RESERVOIR					
CONTRO	CONTROL SECTION				
STATION	v <u>20+90</u>	M OFFSET_			
CUTTING	SAMPLE	INTERVAL	5 FEET		
CORE S	AMPLE IN	TERVAL			
FROM _					
			FEET		
	OR MUD LE				
			FEET		
BIT SIZE 97/8" INTERVAL 0-21 FEET					
BIT SIZE 6 1/4" INTERVAL21-120 FEET					
BIT SIZ	E	INTE	RVAL		
TYPE OF	DRILL RI	G <u>FAILING HOL</u>	EMASTER 1250		
	DEPTH	SCALE	SPEED		
SP.	35.6 M	20 MV			
RES.	35.6 M	50 ohms			
	35.5 м	100 cps/20	8 m/min		
CAL.					
GAMMA TIME CONSTANT (T.C.)3SECONDS					

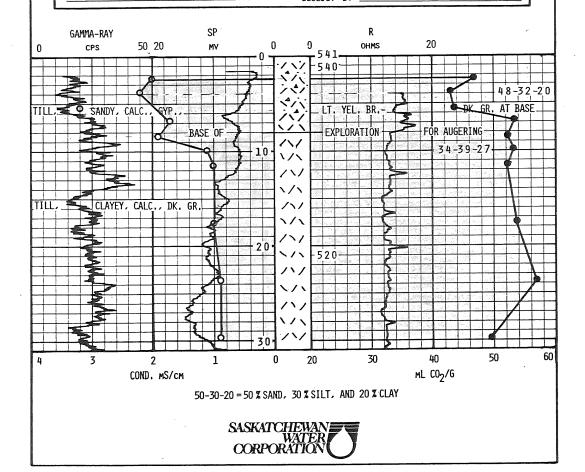
R GAMMA-RAY 50 20 50 OHMS TILL, SANDY, CALC., LT. BR. GR., UNSTAINED .7.1.7 \_\_\_\_O. (DRILLER'S LOG + GAMMA\_RAY) 50-31-19 TILL, SANDY, CALC., DK. GR. 51-27-22 EXPLORATION FOR AUGERING くノ、 TILL, CLAYEY, **\/**\ SAND, FINE-V.CO. GR. 520 TILL CLAYEY, CALC., 50 20 COND. mS/cm ML CO2/G 50-30-20 = 50 % SAND, 30 % SILT, AND 20 % CLAY WATER CORPORATION

(02)

SWC 72P/14 1985 MANITOU - DELLWOOD SW-05-22-32-25-W2 13:467200/5733700 SSEWS-85-RH-02

	BOREHOLE NO. SSEWS-85-RH-02 NTS 72-P/14
1	LAND LOCATION <u>SW-05-22-32-25-W2</u>
	UTM COORD. 13:467200E/5733700N
ı	GRD. ELEV. 540.610 M DEPTH 101 FEET
	DATE DRILLED <u>MAY 16</u> TO <u>MAY 16</u> , 198 <u>5</u>
1	COND. WATER 450 MICROSIEMENS/CM AT 25° C
ı	COND. MUD2200 MICROS(EMENS/CM AT 25° C
	SPECIFIC GRAVITY MUD
	SUPERVISOR <u>E.A. CHRISTIANSEN</u>
١	ASS'T SUPERVISOR
i	LOGGED BYT. WERBOVETSKI
Į	INSTRUMENT WIDCO 1500
1	PROBE ELECTRIC
ı	PROBE GAMMA
١	PROBE CALIPER
ı	DATE LOGGED MAY 16 19.85
1	TIME OF LOGGING 1900 HRS TO 2030 HRS
	DRILL OPERATORJ. JASNOCH
ı	CONTRACTOR INTERNATIONAL WATER SUPPLY
1	REMARKS GEOPHYSICAL LOGGING CONTRACTOR:
١	P. MACHIBRODA ENGINEERING LTD.

PROJECT MANITOU LAKE-DELLWOOD RESERVOIR					
CONTROL SECTION					
CUTTING SAMPLE	INTERVAL5	FEET			
CORE SAMPLE IN	TERVAL				
FROM					
	,				
CASING WALL THIC	CKNESS				
WATER OR MUD L	EVEL				
ABANDONMENT	CEMENT PLUG	0-30 FEET			
BIT SIZE 61/4" INTERVAL 0-101 FEET					
BIT SIZEINTERVAL					
BIT SIZE	INTER	RVAL			
TYPE OF DRILL RI	G FAILING HOL	EMASTER 1250			
DEPTH	SCALE	SPEED			
SP. 31.0 M	20 MV				
RES. 31.0 m	20 ohms.				
GAMMA 31.0 M	100cps/20 DIV.	8 m/min			
CAL.					
GAMMA TIME CONSTANT (T.C.) 3 SECONDS GEOLOGY BY E.A. CHRISTIANSEN CONSULTING LTD.					

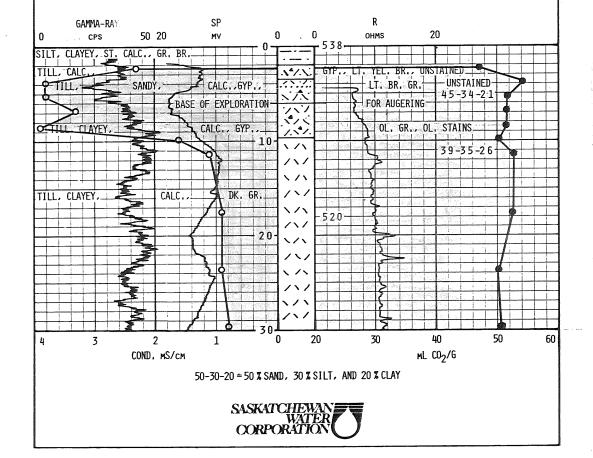


(03)

72P/14 SWC 1985 MANITOU - DELLWOOD NE-14-25-32-25-W2 13:471300/5736400 SSEWS-85-RH-03

BOREHOLE NO. SSEWS-85-RH-03 NTS 72-P/14	PROJECT MANITOU LAKE-DELLWOOD RESERVOIR
LAND LOCATION NE-14-25-32-25-W2	
UTM COORD. 13:471300E/5736400N	STATION 197+10 M OFFSET
GRD. ELEV. 538,420 M DEPTH 101 FEET	CUTTING SAMPLE INTERVAL5 FEET
DATE DRILLED MAY 17 TO MAY 17 1985	CORE SAMPLE INTERVAL
COND. WATER <u>470</u> MICROSIEMENS/CM AT 25° C	FROM
COND. MUD 1400 MICROSIEMENS/CM AT 25° C	CASING DEPTH
SPECIFIC GRAVITY MUD	CASING WALL THICKNESS
SUPERVISOR <u>F.A. CHRISTIANSEN</u>	WATER OR MUD LEVEL
ASS'T_SUPERVISOR	ABANDONMENTCEMENT_PLUG_0-30. FEET
LOGGED BYT. WERBOVETSKI	BIT SIZE 6 1/4" INTERVAL 0-101 FEET
INSTRUMENT <u>WIDCO 1500</u>	BIT SIZE INTERVAL
PROBE ELECTRIC	BIT SIZEINTERVAL
PROBE GAMMA	TYPE OF DRILL RIG FAILING HOLEMASTER 1250
PROBE CALIPER	DEPTH SCALE SPEED
DATE LOGGED MAY 17 1985	SP. 30,6 m 20 mv
TIME OF LOGGINGTO	RES. 30,6 m 20 ohms.
DRILL OPERATOR	GAMMA 30.5 m 100cps/20 DIV.
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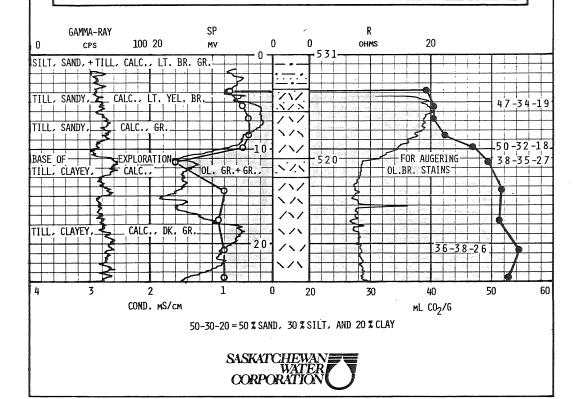


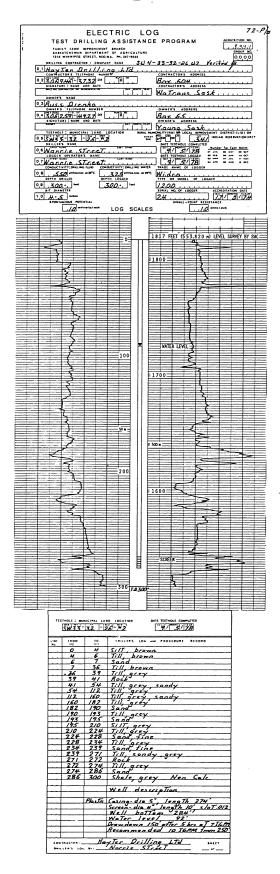
(04)

SWC 72P/14 1985 MANITOU - DELLWOOD SW-10-04-33-24-W2 13:476250/5739000 SSEWS-85-RH-04

BOREHOLE NO. <u>SSEWS-85-RH-04</u> NTS <u>72-P/14</u>
LAND LOCATION <u>SW-10-04-33-24-W2</u>
UTM COORD. 13:476250E/5739000N
GRD. ELEV. 530.740 m DEPTH 81 FEET
DATE DRILLED <u>May 17</u> to <u>May 17</u> , 1985
COND. WATER <u>470</u> MICROSIEMENS/CM AT 25° C
COND. MUD <u>740</u> MICROSIEMENS/CM AT 25° C
SPECIFIC GRAVITY MUD
SUPERVISOR <u>E.A. CHRISTIANSEN</u>
ASS'T SUPERVISOR
LOGGED BYT, WFRROVFTSKI
INSTRUMENT <u>HIDCO 1500</u>
PROBE ELECTRIC
PROBE GAMMA
PROBE CALIPER
DATE LOGGED MAY 17 19.85
TIME OF LOGGING 1700 HRS TO 1800 HRS
DRILL OPERATOR J. JASNOCH
CONTRACTOR INTERNATIONAL WATER SUPPLY
REMARKS GEOPHYSICAL LOGGING CONTRACTOR:
P. MACHIBRODA ENGINEERING LTD.

		<u>U LAKE- DELLW</u>	OOD RESERVOIR			
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RES.	24.3 m	20 ohms				
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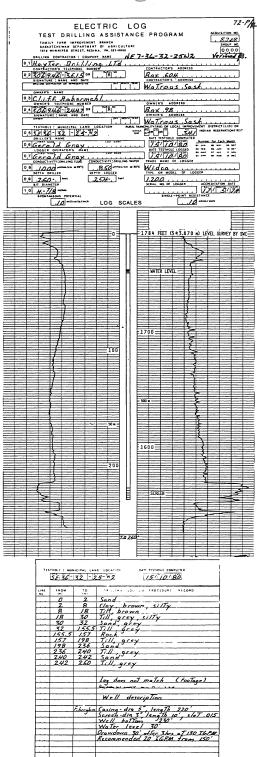




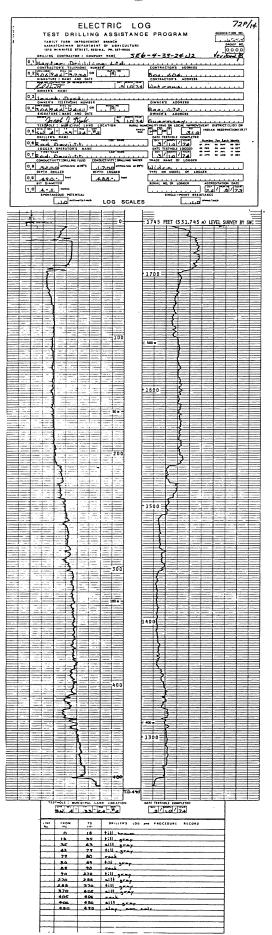
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Appendix 2. Carbonate analyses.

\_E. A. Christiansen Consulting Ltd. \_

# SASKATCHEWAN SOIL TESTING LABORATORY

DATE:04/06/85

SPECIAL ANALYSIS
\*\*\*\*E.A. CHRISTIANSEN\*\*\*

DIVITE & 11 A01 00	
DxCHRSTNSN-ExCO3.184-5843/	5882

	**************	************	:
1	CLIENT SAMPLE NUMBER	mls/gm	
	RH-01 5-10	32.8 I	
I84-5845	RH-01 15-20	52.7 I	
l 184-5846	RH-01 25-30	46+3 I	
I 184-5848	RH-01 35-40	47,1 I	
I84-5849	RH-01 55-60	47.5 I	
I 184-5850	RH-01 75-80	49.9 I	
I I84-5851	RH-01 95-100	52.5 I	
I 184-5852	RH-01 115-120	52₊1 I	
l 184-5853	RH-02 5-10	46.9 1	
! 184-5854	RH-02 10-15	43.0 I	
I 184-5855	RH-02 15-20	43.9 I	
l 184-5856	RH-02 20-25	53.4 I	_
I I84-5857	RH-02 25-30	52.1 I	
I I84-5858	RH-02 30-35	53.4 1	
! I84-5859	RH-02 35-40	52.1 I	
I I84-5860	RH-02 55-60	53.8 1	
I I84-5861	RH-02 75-80	56.7 I	
1 184-5862	RH-02 95-100	49.7 I	
I 184-5863	RH-03 5-10	47.1 i	
I 184-5864	RH-03 10-15	54.1 l	
I84-5865	RH-03 15-20	51.9 I	
I 184-5866	RH-03 20-25	51.7 I	
I 184-5867	RH-03 25-30	51.7 I	
l I84-5868	RH-03 30-35	50.2 I	
I 184-5869	RH-03 35-40	52.7 I	

### SASKATCHEWAN SOIL TESTING LABORATORY

SPECIAL ANALYSIS

DATE:04/06/85 D\*CHRSTNSN-E\*CO3:184-5843/5882

\*\*\*E.A. CHRISTIANSEN\*\*\*

51.4

54.3

52.8

D#CULCULOR-C#	C03:10T-3013/3002	AAAL+H+ CII	RIC
XXXXXXXXXXXX	*******	XXXXXXXXXX	XX
   SAMPLE #	   CLIENT SAMPLE NUMBER	   CO2 Eqiv	1
1	1	l mls/gm	l
	RH-03 55-60	arararara 52₊5	XX 
I 184-5871	RH-03 75-80	50.1	 I
I84-5872	RH-03 95-100	50.8	 I
1 184-5873	RH-04 10-15	39+3	   
I 184-5874	RH-04 15-20	40.4	1
1 184-5875	RH-04 20-25	40.2	ı
1 184-5876	RH-04 25-30	42.1	I
1 184-5877	RH-04 30-35	46.7	1
I 184-5878	RH-04 35-40	47.7	1
I 184-5879	RH-04 <b>4</b> 5-50	51.9	

RH-04 55-60

RH-04 65-70

RH-04 75-80

COHMENT:

1 184-5880

1 184-5881

I 184-5882

Appendix 3. Mechanical analyses.

\_E. A. Christiansen Consulting Ltd. \_

### SASKATCHEWAN SOIL TESTING LABORATORY MECHANICAL ANALYSIS

DxCHRSTNSN-ExMEC.184-5844/5881

\*\*\*A.E. CHRISTIANSEN\*\*\*

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	************************************	*********	XXXXXXXXXXXX	KXXXXXXXXXX	(X)
1	1	1 1	J		1
I SAMPLE #	I CLIENT SAMPLE NUMBER	I SAND I	SILT I	CLAY	l
1		l percent l	percent l	percent	1
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	**************	******	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XX
184-5844 	RH-01 10-15	50.0	31.4	18.6	1
l 184-5847	RH-01 30-35	50 <i>.</i> 7	27.3	22.0	1
184-5854	RH-02 10-15	47.5	32.5	20.0	1
184-5858	RH-02 30-35	34.0	38.6	27 . 4	1
184-5865	RH-03 15-20	45.0	33.5	21.5	1
184-5869	RH-03 35-40	38.4	35.3	26.3	1
184-5874	RH-04 15-20	46+8	33.9	19.3	1
I 184-5877	RH-04 30-35	50.2	31.4	18.4	1
184-5878	RH-04 35-40	37.6	34.9	27.5	1
I 184-5881	RH-04 65-70	35.5	37.9	26.5	1

COMMENT:

DATE:28/05/85

Appendix 4. Salinity analyses.

. E. A. Christiansen Consulting Ltd. -

# SASKATCHEMAN SOIL TESTING LABORATORY

DATE:28/05/85 D\*CHRSTNSN-E\*ROU.184-5843/5882 FERTILITY ANALYSIS
\*\*\*E.A. CHRISTIANSEN\*\*\*

	**************		XX
I I SAMPLE #	I CLIENT SAMPLE NUMBER	I I CONDUCT I mS/cm	]
•	***********		XX.
184-5843	RH-01 5-10	2.3	1
I 184-5845	RH-01 15-20	0.6	i
I84-5846	RH-01 25-30	0.5	ı
l I84-5848	RH-01 35-40	0.5	 I
l 184-5849	RH-01 55-60	0.6	1
l I84-5850	RH-01 75-80	0.6	1
I I84-5851	RH-01 95-100	0.5	1
I 184-5852	RH-01 115-120	0.6	ı
l I84-5853	RH-02 5-10	2.0	1
l 184-5854	RH-02 10-15	2.2	1
l 184-5855	RH-02 15-20	3,2	ı
l 184-5856	RH-02 20-25	1.7	1
l 184-5857	RH-02 25-30	1,9	
l 184-5858	RH-02 30-35	1.1	1
l 184-5859	RH-02 35-40	1.0	1
I I84-5860	RH-02 55-60	1.0	1
	RH-02 75-80	0.9	1
l 184-5862	RH-02 95-100	0.9	
I 184-5863		2.3	I
l 184-5864		3.8	I
l 184-5865		3.8	1
I 184-5866		3.3	l
l 184-5867	RH-03 25-30	3.9	ı
1 184-5868	RH-03 30-35	1.6	
l 184-5869		1.1	1

# SASKATCHEWAN SOIL TESTING LABORATORY

DATE:28/05/85 D\*CHRSTNSM-E\*ROU.184-5843/5882 FERTILITY ANALYSIS
\*\*\*E.A. CHRISTIANSEN\*\*\*

X	XXXXXXXXXXX	CXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		K X
]	SAMPLE #	1	T SAMPLE NUMBER	   CONDUCT   mS/cm	1
X	xxxxxxxxxxx 184-5870			(xxxxxxxxxx 0.9	E X
- 	I84-5871		75–80	0.9	-
1	I84-5872	RH-03	95-100	0.8	ı
1	I84-5873	RH-04	10-15	0.7	1
1	184-5874	RH-04	15-20	0.5	1
1	184-5875	RH-04	20-25	0.4	1
ì	I84-5876	RH-04	25-30	0.4	ı
1	184-5877	RH-04	30-35	0.5	1
1	I84-5878	RH-04	35-40	1.6	1
1	I84-5879 	RH-04	45-50 	0.8	1
1	I84-5880	RH-04	55-60	0.9	1
1	184-5881	RH-04	65-70	0.8	-   
1	I84-5882	RH-04	<i>7</i> 5-80	0.8	1

COMMENT:

